



Professor Chris Brown

Associate Professor

Chris Brown teaches in the field of comparative politics, with a specialization in the politics of southern Africa. He has worked for several years as a development planner in Botswana and on regional relations in southern Africa. He is currently working on a book on the institutionalization of democracy in Botswana, which is funded by a research grant from the SSHRC.

Selected Publications

Articles in Refereed Journals

C. Brown, "Southern Africa in the Post-apartheid Era: The Freeing of Domestic Politics," *International Journal*, 46(2), Spring 1991, 267-290.

C. Brown, "Regional Conflict in Southern Africa and the Role of Third Party Mediation," *International Journal*, 45(2), Spring 1990, 334-359.

Chapters in Edited Books

C. Brown and Edward T. Jackson, "Could the Senate be Right? Should CIDA be Abolished?" in Allan Maslove (ed.), *How Ottawa Spends 2009*, forthcoming.

C. Brown, "Africa in Canadian Foreign Policy 2000: The Human Security Agenda" in Fen Osler Hampson, Norman Hillmer and Maureen Appel Molot (eds.), *Canada Among Nations, 2001: The Axworthy Legacy*, (Don Mills, Oxford University Press), 2001, 192-212.

C. Brown, "Canada and Southern Africa, 1989" in Fen Osler Hampson and M.A. Molot eds.), *Canada Among Nations, 1989: The Challenge of Change*, (Ottawa: Carleton University Press), 1990, 207-224.

Chapters in non-refereed books

C. Brown, "Rural Local Institutions for Agricultural Development in Botswana: No Objection but no acceptance," in Ann McDougall (ed.), *Sustainable Agriculture in Africa* (London: Africa World Press), 1989, 111-121.

Articles in non-refereed journals

C. Brown, "Research in the Third World: Experience from Africa," *Bulletin of the Canadian Political Science Association*, xx:2 (May 1991), 11-12.

C. Brown, "Locally-initiated Voluntary Organisations: The Burial Societies of Botswana," *Rural Development Participation Review*, 3(3), Spring 1982, 11-15. Reprinted in *Botswana Notes and Records*, 14, 1982, 80-82.